

# CLASSIFICATION REPORT

## 2014-A-034 – Rev. 1

in relation to the fire resistance  
leading to a specific field of application

### SPONSOR

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### SUBJECT

Evaluation of the stability in case of fire according to the Belgian standard NBN 713.020 (edition 1968) of a suspended ceiling and the fire resistance according to the European standard EN 13501-2:2007+A1:2009 of a floor/ceiling construction.  
Self-supporting straight ceiling tiles of the Eurocoustic Tonga A type (thickness: 22 mm; width: 600 mm; length: max. 2400 mm).

This document has been drawn up in the framework of an analysis of test results as described in § 2.1-2° -a) 4) of the RD of 13/06/2007.

## 1. TEST REPORTS

### 1.1. Reports

Name of the laboratory	Number of the test report	Date of the test report	Owner of the test report	Test standard
WFRGENT nv	16083A	11/10/2013	Saint-Gobain Eurocoustic	NBN 713.020 (1968)
WFRGENT nv	16083B	16/09/2013	Saint-Gobain Eurocoustic	EN 1363-1:1999 EN 1365-2:1999

### 1.2. Description of the tested elements

Test report No. 16083A gives the description and the results of a orientating fire resistance test carried out according to the Belgian standard NBN 713.020 (edition 1968), on a suspended ceiling (dimensions: 6000 x 3000 mm), composed of a metal framework (trade name according to your declarations: **Quick Lock Hook-On**; c/c distance main supporting profiles: 600 mm; c/c distance transversal profiles: 2400 mm) and self-supporting straight ceiling tiles of the **Eurocoustic Tonga A** type (thickness: 22 mm; nominal dimensions: 2400 x 600 mm; volumetric mass: approx. 110 kg/m<sup>3</sup>). The suspended ceiling has been applied underneath a non-loadbearing cellular concrete floor.

Test report No. 16083B gives the description and the results of a fire resistance test carried out according to the European standards EN 1363-1:1999 and EN 1365-2:1999 on a non-loadbearing cellular concrete floor (dimensions: 6000 x 3300 mm; thickness: 150 mm; volumetric mass: approx. 650 kg/m<sup>3</sup>; span: 3000 mm), protected from below by means of a suspended ceiling, composed as described in test report 16083A.

## 2. RESULTS

The results obtained for the suspended ceiling and the floor/ceiling construction during the above-mentioned tests are given in the table below:

Criteria	Time in minutes
Suspended ceiling (according to the criteria of the Belgian standard NBN 713.020 (edition 1968))	
Falling of the 1 <sup>st</sup> ceiling element	31
Stability of the ceiling	CONFORM
Floor/ceiling construction (according to the criteria of the European standard EN 13501-2 :2007+A1:2009)	
Thermal insulation (I)	≥ 34
Integrity (E)	≥ 34
Stability (R)	≥ 34
Test duration	34

After 30 minutes, the characteristic temperature in the plenum was approx. 355 °C.

## 3. REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

NBN 713.020 (edition 1968).

Document 1392 SN “Stabiliteit bij brand van verlaagde plafonds”, approved by the Hoge Raad voor Beveiliging tegen Brand en Ontploffing during their meeting on 15 September 2011. This document interprets the specific criteria for the stability in case of fire of a suspended ceiling where these are open to interpretation in the Belgian standard NBN 713.020 (edition 1968).

Classification report 2014-A-033 concerning the stability in case of fire of a suspended ceiling according to the Belgian standard NBN 713.020 (edition 1968) and the fire resistance of a floor/ceiling construction according to the European standard EN 13501-2:2007+A1:2009. The metal framework of the suspended ceiling, described in this classification report, is of the Quick Lock Hook-On or Quick Lock Clip-On type.

4. FIELD OF APPLICATION

4.1. Stability in case of fire of a suspended ceiling

Based on the above-mentioned results and the reference documents described in § 3 we are of the opinion that **the stability in case of fire** of a suspended ceiling, composed as described below, will not be inferior to **30 minutes** according to the Belgian standard NBN 713.020 (edition 1968).

4.1.1. Floor construction

The suspended ceiling is applied underneath one of the following floor types, placed or not on the supporting beams mentioned in the table below. The plenum height, i.e. the distance between the bottom side of the floor and the upper side of the ceiling tiles, is 378 mm at the least.

Type of supporting beams	Type of floor		
	Cellular concrete	Gravel concrete	Steel/concrete composite
Gravel concrete	X	X	X
Hot rolled steel	X	X	X
Cold formed steel	X	X	X
No supporting beams	X	X	X

Important remark:

The stability in case of fire does not evaluate the fire resistance of the floor/ceiling construction.

4.1.2. Suspended ceiling construction

4.1.2.1. Metal framework

4.1.2.1.1. Metal framework of the Quick Lock Hook-On type

- edge profiles of one of the following types, applied around the full perimeter of the ceiling, are fixed every 300 mm at the most to a supporting construction out of stony materials (e.g. concrete, cellular concrete, masonry, ...) by means of nail plugs of the Fischer FDN type (min. Ø 6 x 35 mm):
  - steel L-profile of the 87924 type (dimensions: 24 x 24 mm; steel thickness: 0.5 mm);
  - steel U-profile of the 87926 type (dimensions: 19 x 40 x 19 mm; steel thickness: 0.5 mm);

- a metal framework of the Quick Lock Hook-On type, composed as follows:
  - main supporting profiles of the 86282 type (T-profile; dimensions: 38 x 24 mm; steel thickness: 0.35 mm; c/c distance: max. 600 mm), equipped with a firebreak and suspended as described in § 4.1.2.2.1. The distance between the suspension hangers and the edge of the ceiling is 300 mm at the most. The distance between the main supporting profiles and the edge of the ceiling is 300 mm at the most. The extremities of the main supporting profiles rest on/in the edge profiles;
  - transversal profiles of the 87835 type (steel T-profile; dimensions: 32 x 24 mm; steel thickness: 0.35 mm; length: 600 mm; c/c distance: max. 2400 mm), applied perpendicularly between the main supporting profiles. The distance between the transversal profiles and the edge of the ceiling is 600 mm at the most. The extremities of the primary transversal profiles at the edge of the ceiling rest on/in the edge profiles.

#### 4.1.2.1.2. Metal framework of the Quick Lock Hook-On type

- edge profiles as described in § 4.1.2.1.1;
- a metal framework of the Quick Lock Clip-On type, composed as follows:
  - main supporting profiles of the 66413 type (steel T-profile; dimensions: 38 x 24 mm; steel thickness: 0.35 mm; c/c distance: max. 600 mm), equipped with a firebreak and suspended as described in § 4.1.2.2.2. The distance between the main supporting profiles and the edge of the ceiling is 300 mm at the most. The extremities of the main supporting profiles rest on/in the edge profiles;
  - transversal profiles of the 66414 type (steel T-profile; dimensions: 25 x 24 mm; steel thickness: 0.3 mm; length: 600 mm; c/c distance: max. 2400 mm), applied perpendicularly between the main supporting profiles. The distance between the transversal profiles and the edge of the ceiling is 540 mm at the most. The extremities of the primary transversal profiles at the edge of the ceiling rest on/in the edge profiles.

#### 4.1.2.2. Suspension

##### 4.1.2.2.1. Suspension of the metal framework of the Quick Lock Hook-On type

- the main supporting profiles of the 86282 type are suspended every 900 mm at the most by means of quick suspension hangers of the 87559 type ( $\varnothing_{\text{wire}}$ : 3.8 mm) or 87560 type ( $\varnothing_{\text{wire}}$ : 4.0 mm);
- the distance between the suspension hangers and the edge of the ceiling is 300 mm at the most;
- the stability in case of fire of the fixing of the suspended ceiling to the overlying floor construction has to be at least 30 minutes.

##### 4.1.2.2.2. Suspension of the metal framework of the Quick Lock Hook-On type

- the main supporting profiles of the 66413 type are suspended every 900 mm at the most by means of quick suspension hangers of the 87565 type ( $\varnothing_{\text{wire}}$ : 4.0 mm);
- the distance between the hangers and the edge of the ceiling is 300 mm at the most;
- the stability in case of fire of the fixing of the suspended ceiling to the overlying floor construction has to be at least 30 minutes.

#### 4.1.2.3. Ceiling tiles

The following self-supporting straight ceiling tiles of the Eurocoustic Tonga A type (thickness: 22 mm; width: 600 mm; length: between 600 mm and 2400 mm; volumetric mass: approx. 110 kg/m<sup>3</sup>) are applied in the metal framework:

- Acoustichoc;
- Altés;
- Athena;
- Clini'Care;
- Clini'Clean;
- Clini'Safe;
- Minerval A 22.

The ceiling tiles may be finished on the apparent side with a white, decorative or coloured finishing layer.

#### 4.1.2.4. Accessories in the suspended ceiling

It is possible to apply accessories in the suspended ceiling, provided that these have no negative influence on the obtained classification of the above-mentioned suspended ceiling and that this can be demonstrated by means of additional fire resistance tests.

#### 4.1.2.5. Accessories above the suspended ceiling

It is possible to apply accessories above the suspended ceiling, provided the prescriptions mentioned below are respected:

- the accessories are installed independently from the suspended ceiling, i.e. the accessories are not a part of the suspended ceiling;
- the stability in case of fire of the accessories and the fixing of these accessories to the overlying construction is at least 30 minutes.

4.2. Fire resistance of a floor/ceiling construction

4.2.1. Fire resistance 30 minutes

Based on the above-mentioned results, classification report 2014-A-033 and the European standard EN 1992-1-2:2004, we are of the opinion that **the fire resistance** of a floor/ceiling construction, composed as described below, will not be inferior to **REI 30** according to the European standard EN 13501-2:2007+A1:2009.

4.2.1.1. Floor construction

The floor is chosen from the following types, placed or not on the supporting beams mentioned in the table below. The plenum height, i.e. the distance between the bottom side of the floor and the upper side of the ceiling tiles, is 378 mm at the least.

Type of supporting beams	Type of floor	
	Aereated concrete <sup>1</sup>	Gravel concrete <sup>2</sup>
Gravel concrete	X	X
No supporting beams	X	X
<sup>1</sup> thickness: min. 150 mm; volumetric mass: min. 650 kg/m <sup>3</sup> ; only the self-weight of the floor is considered as load <sup>2</sup> thickness: min. 60 mm; volumetric mass: min. 2300 kg/m <sup>3</sup>		

4.2.1.2. Suspended ceiling

The suspended ceiling is composed as described in § 4.1.2.

#### 4.2.2. Fire resistance 60 minutes

Based on the above-mentioned results, classification report 2014-A-033 and the European standard EN 1992-1-2:2004, we are of the opinion that **the fire resistance** of a floor/ceiling construction, composed as described below, will not be inferior to **REI 60** according to the European standard EN 13501-2:2007+A1:2009.

In this case, the fire resistance of the floor/ceiling construction, composed as described below, is only realized by the gravel concrete floor.

##### 4.2.2.1. Floor construction

The floor is composed of gravel concrete (thickness: min. 80 mm; volumetric mass: min. 2300 kg/m<sup>3</sup>; reinforcement cover: min. 20 mm).

The plenum height, i.e. the distance between the bottom side of the floor and the upper side of the ceiling tiles, is at least 378 mm.

##### 4.2.2.2. Suspended ceiling

The suspended ceiling is composed as described in § 4.1.2.

## 5. CONDITIONS FOR THE USE OF THE PRESENT CLASSIFICATION REPORT

The present classification report is only valid insofar as the stability of the constructions, composed as described in § 4, is guaranteed under normal conditions according to the standards in force.

This classification report is only valid in case of a closed suspended ceiling, i.e. there are no openings in the ceiling.

This classification report is only valid insofar as the composition of the ceiling components is identical to that of the components subjected to the above-referenced tests.

This classification report is only valid when accompanied by the above-referenced test reports.

This classification report cannot be combined with another classification report, except when mentioned explicitly.

This classification report is issued on the basis of test data and information handed over at the time of the demand by the sponsor. If contradictory evidence becomes available afterwards, the assessment will be unconditionally withdrawn and the sponsor will be notified on this.

The duration of validity of the present classification report is limited to 5 years starting from the issuing date of this classification report and may be extended after a favourable exam.

The sponsor has the right to use the above-referenced test reports and has also confirmed that he has not been informed about any non-public information which could influence this classification report, and in consequence the obtained conclusions.



If the sponsor is informed afterwards about such information, he agrees to withdraw the classification report above and its use for regulated purposes – if applicable.

This document is a translation to English of classification report 2014-A-034 – Rev. 1, initially delivered in French. In case of doubt the initial version in French prevails.

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